Giorgio Chiovelli, Stelios Michalopoulos, Elias Papaioannou

London Business School, Brown University, London Business School

June 2018

Special Thanks

Special Thanks



















Land Mines. An International Problem

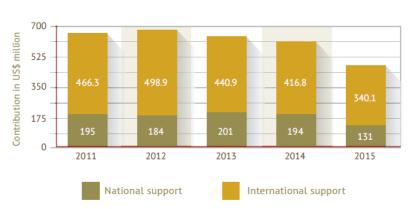
- Serious threat in more than 50 countries around the world
 - Extensive use during World War II (by national military forces)
 - Wide use during Cold War (e.g., Angola, Mozambique, Congo, Cambodia, Vietnam, etc)
 - Declining trend (but use in Iraq, Afghanistan, Colombia)
 - Recent use (e.g., Iraq, Syria, Ukraine, Yemen)
- ▶ 14 international agencies under UN Mine Action Program, operating in roughly 40-50 countries

(Halo Trust, Humanity & Inclusion, Norwegian's People Aid, etc.)

- 700 mln USD spent yearly from 2010-2014 (LandMine Monitor)
- "Weapons of the poor": cost 1\$-3\$ (even anti-tank mines cost less than 10\$) and can be manufactured by militias

Land Mine Clearance. Resources Spent

Figure: Landmine Monitor 2016.



Land Mines. The Problem

"Land-mines are uniquely savage in the history of modern conventional warfare not only because of their appalling individual impact, but also their long-term social and economic destruction"

UN General Assembly Resolution 48/157, 1996

► UN motto: "Land mines keep poor people poor, decades after the conflict"

Yet, very little academic work assessing the impact of demining activities on regional development.

Introduction



Introduction



Introduction



Introduction



Introduction



Costs

└ Objective



Costs

- ► Health: Injuries; Disabled.
- Psychological Costs
- Education
- Environment (degradation, animals)
- Economic Activity (access land, trade, commute)
 - Local effects [Policy Relevance]
 - Spatial (general equilibrium) effects [Spillovers]
 - Policy Simulation [Cost of Not Coordination]

Our Paper

We focus on Mozambique from 1992 to 2015

- Mozambique is the only heavily mined country to be fully cleared (October 2015)
- Wide-use of land mines by all parties during war of independence (1964-1974) and subsequent civil war (1977-1992)
- Around 296, 442 of land mines and UXOs [very conservative estimate]
 - Close to 7,423 locations of minefields and UXOs [conservative estimate]
 - Heterogeneity on location of land mines and objective
- Land mine clearance operations were not much coordinated, took place under a chaos, and have many quasi-random elements

Approach and Results

Local level

- Small to moderate positive effect of demining on local development
- Effect stronger for densely populated areas and localities connected through transportation network

Aggregate level - "Market Access" Approach

(e.g., Donaldson and Hornbeck, 2016; Donaldson, 2016; Arkolakis, Costinot, and Rodriguez-Clare, 2012; Alder, 2015; based on Eaton and Khortum, 2002)

- Large positive effect on aggregate development
- Sizable externalities via infrastructure

Policy Counterfactual Simulation

Large costs associated to lack of centralization and prioritization

Structure

- ► Related Literature
- Historical Background (civil war and land mine usage)
- Background Demining Process
- Data
- Preliminary Evidence Spatial Distribution of Land Mines
- ► Local Effect Estimates
- ► General Equilibrium Estimates
- ► Policy Counterfactual Simulation

Related Literature

- Foreign Aid and Allocation Scarce Resources.
 - No estimates in the literature on the impact of land mine clearance.
- ➤ Civil Conflict and Development (Heterogeneity in recovery) (e.g. Blattman and Miguel (2010); Miguel and Roland (2011); Lin (2015); Blattman and Annan (2016))
- ► Aggregate Effects of Infrastructure
 (e.g. Donaldson and Hornbeck (2016); Arkolakis, Costinot, and Rodriguez-Clare
 (2012); Alder (2015); Donaldson (2016), Perez-Cervantes (2014))
- ▶ Infrastructure on African Urbanization and Development (e.g. Ayogu (2007); Huillery (2009); Chaves, Engerman, and Robinson (2014); Jedwab, Kerby, and Moradi (2016); Jedwab and Moradi (2016); Jedwab and Storeygard (2018))
- African Political Economy (e.g. Wantchekon and Garcia-Ponce (2014))

War of Independence (1964 - 1974)

Rebel groups (mostly FRELIMO) backed by Tanzania and other African countries fight the Portuguese for independence

- Use of land mines by Portugal to protect key infrastructure (e.g., Cahora Bassa dam) and block Northern border with Tanzania
- Use of land mines by FRELIMO to delegitimize government and terrorize Portuguese troops
- Use of land mines during military operations (by both parties, as well as private agents)

Civil War (1977 - 1992)

Rebels backed by Rhodesia (1977-1980) and subsequently by South African forces fight against the FRELIMO-controlled government.

- Very low number of battles between fighting parties; a war almost exclusively targeting civilians.
 (HRW Report 1992. Conspicuous Destruction)
- Use of land mines by all participants (degree disputed)
- RENAMO to terrorize civilian population and delegitimize government. Also as part of military operations
- FRELIMO to protect infrastructure (e.g., electricity pylons, power generators), "development" villages and military camps. Also to terrorize locals.
- South African and Rhodesian covered officers and RENAMO rebels to block borders with South Africa and Zimbabwe
- Others (militias, thugs, private firms) also used land mines.

Mozambique at the End of the Civil War

- ▶ 100,000-150,000 fatalities in rebel and government raids
- ▶ 7,000-30,000 victims from land mines only
- ▶ 1-2 millions deaths from starvation and famine
- ▶ 2-3 millions people displaced in refugee camps or in the capital
- ▶ 1.5-2 millions people in refugee camps in neighbouring countries
- 200,000 children left orphaned
- tens of thousands of incidents of tortures, rapes, and mutilations, mostly targeting children and women
- ► Mozambique appears the third poorest country out of 167 in 1992 (Penn World Table); Real GDP pc around 390 USD
- Destroyed infrastructure

In a Nutshell..

"Most of the country's economic infrastructure is destroyed or inoperable, and much of the population is dependent on a massive international aid program. Hundreds of thousands of people are refugees in neighbouring countries or displaced inside Mozambique. Many rural areas have been reduced to a stone age condition, without trade or modern manufactured goods, education or health services, and suffering from constant insecurity. Mozambique needs to be built almost from scratch."

Human Rights Watch Country Report 1992.

Legacy of land mines

Anti-Personnel Land Mines



Anti-Tank Land Mines



The Problem of Land Mines

Anti-Vehicle Land Mines



Unexploded Ordnances (UXOs)



Main Reasons for Land Mine Use PExample

- Block borders
- Block access to roads and railways
- Protect key infrastructure (dams, electricity pylons, power stations, ports)
- Terrorize civilians
- Military purposes
- Farms: force people out of their villages (to rebel-controlled regions), deny an economic base to the government, scorched earth policy
- Protection villages

Land Mines and Spatial Development Historical Background

☐ Removing of Land Mines

Demining



Removing of Land Mines (1992 - 2015)

- ▶ Phase 1 (1992 1999). Initial Phase
 - (1992 1994). Initiation
 - (1995 1999). Consolidation
- ▶ Phase 2 (2000 2006). Limited Coordination
- ▶ Phase 3 (2007 2015). Final Phase

Phase 1. Starting phase (1992 - 1994)

- ▶ Peace Agreement was signed in October 1992 in Rome
- UN ONUMOZ mission tried to coordinate mine clearing effort
 - ONUMOZ was not prepared and coordination was weak
 - HALO Trust impact survey [SHAMAN] (981 SHA areas)
 - Some clearing took place: e.g. RONCO consultancy as a contract for USAID

Phase 1. Consolidation (1995 - 1999)

- ▶ Starts with democratic transition in October 27th-29th 1994
- No centralization, no strategic planing, no prioritization, and no coordination.
- Demining operations emerged across three geographical areas:
 - HALO Trust (UK) in the 4 Northern Provinces (north of Zambezi River)
 - Norwegian's People Aid (NPA) in Central Provinces
 - Accelerated Demining Program (ADP) in the South.
 Many private commercial firms (South Africa, Zimbabwe, and Mozambique). Limited success; allegations of corruption

Phase 2. Limited Coordination (2000 - 2006)

- ▶ National Institute of Demining (IND) created in 1999
- ► Massive floods in 2000 and 2001.
- ► Landmine Impact Survey 2001 by Canadian CIDC [heavily criticized, best effort given local conditions]
 - 123 of 128 Admin-2 units affected
 - 1.5 millions people lived in 791 mine-affected communities
 - Survey was not perfect but it provided input for the 5-year demining plan by IND

Phase 3. Completion (2007 - 2015)

- ▶ IND commission HALO Trust surveys in the North (2007) and Centre-South (2008) regions
- North declared mine-free in 2007
- ► From 2008, clearing process of the remaining threats (suspected hazardous areas) in South.
- Mozambique declared mine-free in October 2015.

Demining Operation Issues

- ► Absence of maps depicting the initial distribution of land mines from both FRELIMO and RENAMO.
- ► The process of clearing is very slow
- Demining technologies: metal-detector vs animal
- Conditions in the end of the wars
- Lack of coordination and prioritization

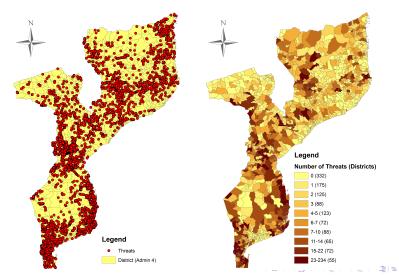
Data Overview. 1, 187 Admin 4 Localities

- Land Mine and UXO Removals
- ► Land Mine Level-1 Surveys (1994, 2001, 2007-8)
- Transportation (Roads and Railroads) (1973, 1999, 2004, 2011)
- Population Data (1980, 1997, 2007)
- Civil War [incomplete; ongoing research]
- Commercial Villages during Colonization
- Development (Luminosity)
- Other (DHS, Afrobarometer, Agriculture Census and Surveys)

Land Mines Clearance Data (7,423 GPS locations)

- National Institute of Demining Dataset. GIS data
 - Cross-Validation using original reports from individual operators (APOPO, HALO, HI, NPA, Afrovida, MGM, ADP)
 GSG Report
 ADP Report
 NPA Report
- ► HALO Trust (1994-2007 North; 2007-2015 Centre and South)
- Humanity & Inclusion (2001-2006)
- Norwegian People Aid (1993-1999; 2000-2004)
- UN Archives (1992-1994)
- Others commercial (Ronco 1994-1995 contract with USAID)
 Ronco Map
- ▶ (Denel-Mechem, DYNASAFE/BACTEC)

Distribution of Land Mines across Localities

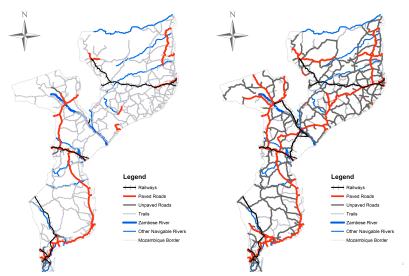


Infrastructure

- ► Network 1973 [Colonial Map]
- Network 1999 [National Road Agency]
- Network 2003 [National Road Agency]
- ▶ Network 2011 [National Road Agency]

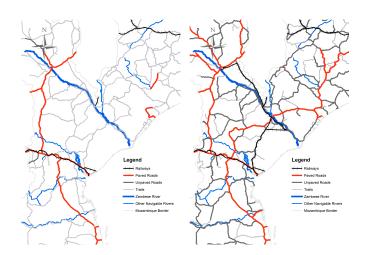
Infrastructure

Infrastructure in 1973 and 2011



Infrastructure

Infrastructure in 1973 and 2013 - Central

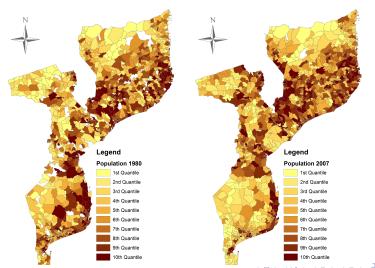


Population

- Population 1980 [Census, National Institute of Statistics]
- Population 1997 [Census, National Institute of Statistics]
- Population 2007 [Census, National Institute of Statistics]

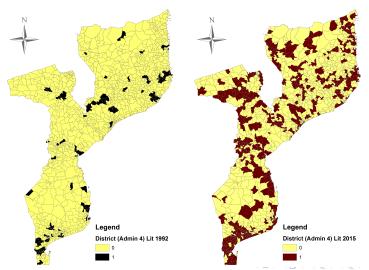
Population

Population in 1980 and 2007



Development

Luminosity in 1992 and 2015



Preliminary Evidence

- Descriptive Statistics
- Correlates of Minefield and UXOs Spatial Distribution
- ► Correlates of Timing of Intervention

Location of Mines and UXOs

Summary Statistics across Localidades (Admin-4 Level)

			Full Sample			
	Observations	Mean	Standard Deviation	Median	Min	Max
Share of Contaminated						
localities in 1992	1187	0.720	0.449	0	1	
Number of Threats in 1992	1187	6.253	14.164	0	238	
Lit 1992	1187	0.098	0.297	0	1	
Lit 1999	1187	0.177	0.382	0	1	
Lit 2007	1187	0.227	0.419	0	1	
Lit 2015	1187	0.422	0.494	0	1	
Log Luminosity 1992	1187	-10.579	2.924	-11.5	2.51	
Log Luminosity 1999	1187	-9.858	3.736	-11.5	2.83	
Log Luminosity 2007	1187	-9.344	4.197	-11.5	3.11	
Log Luminosity 2015	1187	-7.633	4.800	-11.5	3.15	
Paved Road 1973 (dummy)	1187	0.171	0.377	0	1	
Unpaved Road 1973 (dummy)	1187	0.021	0.144	0	1	
Trail 1973 (dummy)	1187	0.660	0.474	0	1	
Railway 1992 (dummy)	1187	0.130	0.336	0	1	
Navigable River (dummy)	1187	0.228	0.420	0	1	
Cantinas (dummy)	1187	0.584	0.493	0	1	
Civil War (dummy)	1187	0.158	0.365	0	1	
Log MA Light 1992	1187	-15.767	3.127	-22.3	-5.54	
Log MA Light 1999	1187	-14.104	3.274	-20.9	-4.49	
Log MA Light 2007	1187	-12.809	3.190	-20.9	-1.75	
Log MA Light 2015	1187	-10.214	2.409	-16	765	
Log Average Cost 1992	1187	8.903	0.220	8.54	9.68	
Log Average Cost 1999	1187	8.729	0.239	8.34	9.59	
Log Average Cost 2007	1187	8.367	0.392	7.66	9.51_	
Log Average Cost 2015	1187	7.911	0.175	7.52	8.52	P 4 .

Number of Localities cleared per period

	Descriptive Statistics
Period	# of Locality Cleared
1992-1999	39
2000-2007	403
2008-2015	413

Summary. Correlates of Minefields

- Distance to Zimbabwe (early stage of civil war) and Tanzania (independence war)
- Presence of roads (all types)
- Civil war
- Log population density

- No link with geographic features (elevation, ruggedness, malaria, etc)
- No link with lit/unlit in 1992
- ► No link with commercial villages/cities

Summary of Timing of Removal (at the admin-4 level)

The average time to fully clear a locality is 7 years (median 6)

▶ First Intervention

- Distance to Zimbabwe (ADP) and Malawi (HALO)
- Civil War
- Population (weak)

▶ Last Intervention

- Distance to Zimbabwe and Tanzania (HALO)
- Population density
- No link transportation network or geography

```
▶ Distribution of Timing of Intervention
```

Local Effects of Demining Activities

- Average Effect No Causality [Spillovers]
 - Panel Estimates (yearly frequency & three-period)
 - Differenced Specifications
- Heterogeneity of Local Average Effect [Important for Policy]
 - Province
 - Population density
 - Rural-Urban
 - Type of Minefield (roads, railroads, borders, farms, etc)
 - Spatial Spillover

Empirical Specification

$$y_{i,t} = \beta Threat_{i,t} + \mu_i + \mu_{tp} + \eta_{i,t}$$

where

- $y_{i,t}$: luminosity in district i in year t.
- Threat_{i,t}: number or dummy of landmine and UXO threats removed in locality i in each period
- μ_i : locality fixed effects
- μ_{tp} : time x province fixed effects

▶ Demining by Province

Land Mines and Local Development

Average Effect

Land Mine Removal and Local Development

		Ye	arly		Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)				
	Log Lui	minosity	L	it	Log Luminosity		Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Cleared Threats	0.329*** (0.073) [0.071]		0.037*** (0.007) [0.080]		0.469*** (0.098) [0.107]		0.058*** (0.011) [0.129]		
Cleared (dummy)		0.373*** (0.109) [0.037]		0.038*** (0.011) [0.038]		0.755*** (0.182) [0.082]		0.083*** (0.020) [0.088]	
Number of Localities Locality FE	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
R-squared	.168	.166	.124	.121	.241	.238	.224	.22	
Observations	27,301	27,301	27,301	27,301	4,748	4,748	4,748	4,748	

Note: Being lit increases years of schooling by 1.8 years in Mozambique (DHS).

[1.1 in rural and 2.9 in urban] Lights Education DHS

Land Mines and Local Development

Average Effect

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Long-run Differences

	Log Luminosity				Lit			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Δ Cleared Threats	0.787*** (0.165) [0.189]		0.753*** (0.127) [0.181]		0.102*** (0.018) [0.223]		0.094*** (0.014) [0.205]	
Cleared (dummy)		0.968*** (0.328) [0.093]	,	0.777*** (0.281) [0.075]		0.123*** (0.035) [0.107]		0.089*** (0.030) [0.078]
Network Elements	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Civil War (dummy)	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Log - Population Density 1980	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Log - Luminosity	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Lit (dummy)	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Log - Land	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Locality FE	Yes							
Province FE	Yes							
R-squared	.0686	.047	.433	.416	.0704	.0397	.352	.329
Observations	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077

Sensitivity Checks. Summary. Part 1

Evolution of Luminosity • Graph

Alternative Outcomes

Sensitivity Checks. Summary. Part 2

Robustness Checks

- Controlling for New Roads and Improvements on Old Road Network
 ▶ Roads as Controls
- Maputo province outlier (in opposite direction).
- Dropping Big Cities. Big Cities
- Effect larger in the North (reduce error-in-variables)
- ► Stopping in 2013 (same luminosity data) ► 2013

- Only Contaminated Locality Affected
- ► Hazard Level evidence ► Hazard
- ► CHAs vs SHAs ► CHAs and SHAs

Heterogeneity on Locality Characteristics. Summary

- Connected vs Non-Connected to the Transportation Network.
- ► Population (population density). Strong. Population Density 1980
 - Effect increases in population density;
 - cutoff around median/mean (7,000-12,000);
 - effect present when we drop top decile/quartile

Heterogeneity on Landmines Characteristics.

We classify each landmine based on its proximity to the following non-mutually exclusive categories:

- Roads and Railways: 100m
- Border: 10000m
- Villages with Cantinas: 1000m
- Civil War Event: 1000m
- River: 100m
- ▶ Villages with Cantinas: 1000m
- Electricity Grid (Pylons): 100m
- Rural (residual category)

Heterogeneity on Landmines Characteristics. Results

	Yearly		4 Years (1992, 1999, 20	
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Log Number of Accumulated Cleared Threats:	()	()	(-)	
- Road and Railway (100m)	0.323**	0.038**	0.381**	0.054**
, , ,	(0.144)	(0.016)	(0.191)	(0.022)
	[0.036]	[0.043]	[0.045]	[0.063]
- Border (10000m)	-0.559***	-0.048**	-0.388	-0.027
, ,	(0.194)	(0.021)	(0.267)	(0.031)
	[-0.040]	[-0.035]	[-0.029]	[-0.020]
- Cantinas (1000m)	0.284	0.034*	0.580**	0.063**
` '	(0.208)	(0.020)	(0.259)	(0.027)
	[0.023]	[0.028]	[0.050]	[0.053]
- Civil War (1000m)	0.672**	0.043*	0.558	0.030
, ,	(0.260)	(0.026)	(0.357)	(0.037)
	[0.043]	[0.027]	[0.037]	[0.019]
- River (100m)	0.068	0.003	0.090	0.048
• •	(0.880)	(0.104)	(1.126)	(0.136)
	[0.001]	[0.001]	[0.002]	[0.010]
- Village (1000m)	0.594***	0.049***	0.785***	0.061**
· ,	(0.148)	(0.015)	(0.189)	(0.020)
	[0.063]	[0.052]	[0.087]	[0.067]
- Electricity Grid (100m)	0.585*	0.055	0.350	0.021
	(0.342)	(0.036)	(0.283)	(0.030)
	[0.025]	[0.023]	[0.017]	[0.010]
- Residual	-0.068	0.001	-0.078	0.008
	(0.071)	(0.007)	(0.097)	(0.011)
	[-0.012]	[0.002]	[-0.015]	[0.015]
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.184	.133	.26	.235
Observations	27.301	27.301	4.748	4,748

Summary of Heterogeneity on Landmines Characteristics

- Positive and large effect of demining roads and railways
- Clearance of villages and cantinas has positive effect
- Negative effect of clearing borders
- No effect from demining electricity pylons (Placebo)

General Equilibrium

- ▶ By affecting the transportation network, land mines increase market fragmentation and isolation
- Demining activities will indirectly affect districts that were not directly contaminated by landmines
- "Market Access" approach.
 (Donaldson and Hornbeck, 2016; Arkolakis, Costinot, and Rodriguez-Clare, 2012; Alder, 2016; Perez-Cervantes, 2014)

Model Structure

- Ricardian spatial general equilibrium models of inter-district trade and spatial development (Eaton and Kortum, 2002)
 - Many regions
 - Differential technology
 - Efficiency varies across commodities and regions
 - Regions inputs are mobile within region
 - Geographic barriers to trade [Transporation Costs]

→ Model

Market Access

► Reduced-form relationship between aggregate change in welfare and improvement in district's Market Access

$$MA_o \approx \sum_{d=1}^{D} \tau_{o,d}^{-\theta} N_d(Y_d)$$

where

- $au_{o,d}$ reflects a district's cost of transportation via the available network to all the other districts, d.
- θ is the trade elasticity (inversely related to the comparative advantage of each district)
- N_d and Y_d reflect total population and total output of all but the origin district.

Computing τ

Need to build the transportation network

- Network components: Railways, Paved Roads, Unpaved Roads, Trails, and Rivers
- Connect each district (centroid) to transportation network
- Impose relative cost parameters for each mode of transportation

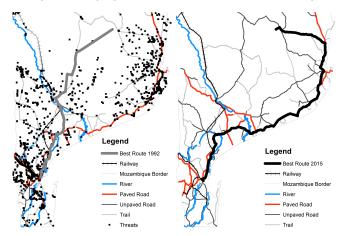
Parametrization

Using Dijkstra's algorithm, we compute the lowest-cost route between every pair of districts centroids

- Optimal Routes in 1992
- Optimal Routes in 1999
- Optimal Routes in 2007
- Optimal Routes in 2015

└ "Market Access" Approach

Example of Change in Optimal Route - Maputo to Funhalouro (600km) (40h in 1992 - 8h in 2015)



Market Access Measures - Transportation Costs

Land mines placed on a road make that road unusable.

Changes in τ are due to demining activities:

- clearing roads 1973
- building new roads after demining

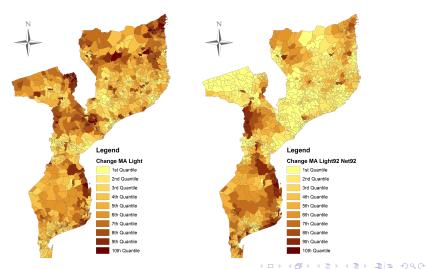
Note: We are able to isolate both effects.

Market Access Measures - θ is 3.88 (Donaldson, 2015)

- ► Market Access Light: we proxy aggregate demand in the destination district with the sum of lights (Alder 2016)
- ► Market Access Population: aggregate demand in the destination district proxied with population. (Effectively assuming income per capita is the same in all districts)

└ "Market Access" Approach

Changes in Market Access



Empirical Specification

$$Y_{d,t} = \lambda \ln(MA_{d,t}) + \mu_d + \mu_{p,t} + \varepsilon_d.$$

where:

- \triangleright $Y_{d,t}$ is luminosity over the corresponding period t
- \blacktriangleright $In(MA_{d,t})$ is the locality's "market access" in period t
- \blacktriangleright μ_d is a locality fixed effect
- $\blacktriangleright \mu_{p,t}$ is a province-year fixed effect

Aggregate Development

"Market Access" Approach - Empirical Analysis

Results - Panel

	Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)									
		Contemp	oraneous		Direct Effect					
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Log Luminosity Lit		Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
Log Market Access, Light	0.296*** (0.064) [0.262]	0.032*** (0.007) [0.278]			0.274*** (0.064) [0.242]	0.029*** (0.007) [0.254]				
Log Market Access, Population			0.248*** (0.069) [0.150]	0.025*** (0.008) [0.148]			0.187*** (0.067) [0.113]	0.017** (0.007) [0.101]		
Cleared Threats					0.393*** (0.094) [0.090]	0.049*** (0.010) [0.111]	0.375*** (0.108) [0.086]	0.049** (0.012) [0.110]		
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077		
Locality FE Year x Province FF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Year x Province FE R-squared	Yes .248	Yes .229	Yes .249	Yes .228	Yes .254	Yes .235	Yes .254	Yes .234		
R-squared Observations	4.748	4.748	4,308	4,308	4.748	4,748	4,308	4,308		

Note: Being lit increases years of schooling by 1.8 years in Mozambique (DHS).

[1.1 in rural and 2.9 in urban] Lights Education DHS

Results - Magnitude

- ▶ 10% increase in the luminosity market access increases average luminosity (lit) by around 3% (0.3%).
- ▶ Beta coefficient of the luminosity market access is tree times larger than the beta coefficient of the local effect
- Being lit increases:
 - years of schooling by 1.8 years in Mozambique (DHS). [1.1 in rural and 2.9 in urban]
 - DHS wealth index by 1.5. [0.32 in rural and 2 in urban]
- ► Luminosity-market access elasticity is comparable to the one in Alder (2016) for India [Golden Quadilateral]

Robustness Checks

- \blacktriangleright Alternative θ \blacktriangleright Alternative θ
- Average Transportation Cost Average τ
- ► Market Potential ► Market Potential
- ▶ Inflating Luminosity of Maputo, Beira, Nacala ▶ Inflate Light
- ► Alternative network elements parametrization ► Jedwab and Storeygard
- ► Removing Railways ► No Railways
- ► Accounting for Local MA ► Neighbors

Isolating the Indirect effect

We focus on the sample of not affected localities:

- estimating the indirect effect more precisely
- issues of endogeneity of demining interventions are absent

Aggregate Development

"Market Access" Approach - Isolating Indirect Effect

Results - Non Affected

	Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)							
	Contemporaneous Log Luminosity Lit							
	(1)	(2)						
Log Market Access, Light	0.270*** (0.099) [0.279]	0.032*** (0.011) [0.318]						
Log Market Access, Population			0.297** (0.135) [0.208]	0.033** (0.015) [0.223]				
Number of Localities Locality FE	332 Yes	332 Yes	291 Yes	291 Yes				
Year x Province FE R-squared Observations	Yes .189 1,328	Yes .167 1,328	Yes .205 1,164	Yes .173 1,164				

Isolating the Effect of Demining

Concern: Market access can change because of:

- demining activities
- building new roads/infrastructures
- changes in population and real income

We shut down these last two effect focusing on the predetermined components of market access

- network 1973
- development at the end of the war in 1992

Aggregate Development

"Market Access" Approach - Initial Conditions

Results Fixing Initial Conditions

					ase Estimation , 2007, 2015)			
Accounting For:		Direct	Effect		Direct Effect,	and Old Road Impr	ovement	
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Log Market Access, Light (Initial)	0.260** (0.113) [0.199]	0.025** (0.012) [0.186]			0.261** (0.114) [0.200]	0.025** (0.012) [0.188]		
Log Market Access, Population (Initial)			0.663*** (0.178) [0.358]	0.054*** (0.019) [0.285]			0.665*** (0.178) [0.359]	0.055** (0.019 [0.288
Cleared Threats	0.424*** (0.092) [0.097]	0.053*** (0.010) [0.119]	0.334*** (0.106) [0.077]	0.046*** (0.012) [0.104]	0.387*** (0.091) [0.089]	0.049*** (0.010) [0.110]	0.303*** (0.104) [0.070]	0.043** (0.011 [0.096
New Road (dummy)					0.014 (0.206) [0.002]	0.018 (0.023) [0.019]	-0.083 (0.215) [-0.009]	0.006 (0.024 [0.006
Old Network Improved (dummy)					0.451** (0.183) [0.052]	0.044** (0.020) [0.050]	0.448** (0.178) [0.051]	0.042* (0.020 [0.047
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year × Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared Observations	.243 4.748	.226 4.748	.259 4.308	.236 4.308	.245 4.748	.227 4.748	.261 4.308	.237

Counterfactual

- We build policies counter-factual to evaluate welfare gain/losses
 - (e.g. Donaldson and Hornbeck, 2016; Alder, 2017)
 - 1. Quantify the welfare loss without demining activities
 - We construct alternative measures of market access under different demining strategies

Mozambique without Demining

- We want to evaluate how much lower luminosity would be without demining.
- ➤ We compute market access in 2015 (2007) assuming land mines were still on the ground
- We use the calculated decline in market access and estimated impact of market access on luminosity to predict the decrease in luminosity

Counterfactual: No Demining

Mozambique without Demining

	Percent Decline MA without Demining Activities	Percent Decline in Luminosity without Demining Activities
Market Access, Light	2007 (c	bs=1187)
No demining activities	58	30.2 (1.7)
No demining activities & Assuming the Luminosity Distribution in 1992	62.3	41.9 (1.7)
Market Access, Light	2015 (c	bs=1187)
No demining activities	59.4	58.7 (2.4)
No demining activities & Assuming the Luminosity Distribution in 1992	75.3	70.4 (1.7)

Mozambique without Demining

- ► Luminosity in 2015 would have declined by 70%
- ► Estimated elasticity between GPD and luminosity is 0.3, GDP would have decrease by 15-25% in 2015

Policy Experiment Simulation: Targeting Transportation Network

- ▶ Period 1: 3 main corridors starting from Maputo, Beira and Nampula ▶ Period 1
- ► Period 2: N1 highway and other paved roads Period 2
- Period 3: Unpaved roads

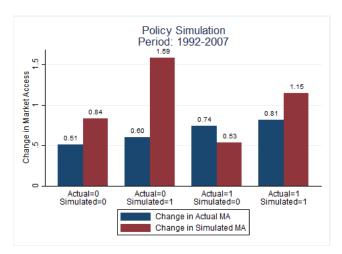
We match the number of simulated cleared localidades to the actual cleared ones in each period

Policy Experiment Simulation - Results

Dependent Variable		Networ	Δ Market Accer k and Luminosi	
	Mean	Median	Observations	# of Affected used in Simulation
			Period: 1992-20	015
Actual (log) Simulated (log)	1.21 1.21	0.83 0.83	1187 1187 Period: 1992-1	855 855
			Perioa: 1992-1	999
Actual (log) Simulated (log)	0.11 0.13	0.00 0.01	1187 1187	39 39
			Period: 1992-20	007
Actual (log) Simulated (log)	0.63 0.99	0.31 0.56	1187 1187	442 442

Policy Experiment: Transportation Network

Policy Experiment Simulation - Period 2



Conclusion

- "Land mines keep poor people poor, decades after the conflict"
- ► First attempt to shed lights on the effect of land mines removal on development
- Small to Moderate effect on Local Development
- ► Large General Equilibrium Effects
- Policy Simulation showing cost of not coordination and prioritization

Suggestions for Practitioners

- Prioritize targeting regions with the largest externalities
- Fully clear a contaminated district as compared to partial clearing
 - Important as land mine clearance is ongoing in several countries
 - Funding for demining is fizzling
- Co-ordination and centralization among stakeholders and demining actors

Thank you!

"Extensive" versus "Intensive" Margin Pack

Examples:

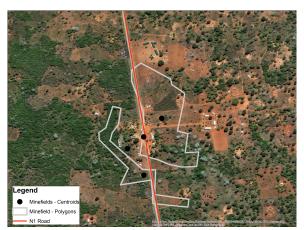
- 8 AP mines were found in Mahnica Valley in Maputo Province preventing the return of 20000 people to their village
- 26642 AP and AT land mines were found at Cahora Bassa Dam (second biggest in Africa) between 2009 and 2014

 ${\sf Appendix}$

Data Description

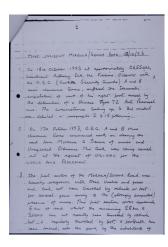
- ► Example from IMSMA Dataset
- Example of original report from ADP in 2000
- Example of original report from NPA in 2014
- Example of map digitization from Ronco (USAID) 1994

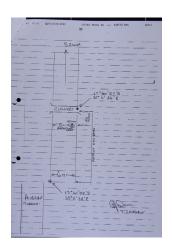
Example of IMSMA data. Machanissa village - Inhambane Province



└Original Report Example

Original Report. Example from GSG 1993 • Book





Original Report. Example from ADP 2000 PBGK

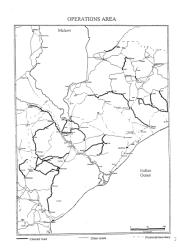
57	Relatório de	Conclusi	io			
I. Informação geral	PLUCE COM					
Número de tarefa *:	1 1			ONG Ret		
Superficie total da área desmi	nada* -/200	n/ Orga	rização 1	AB	P	
Profundidade de desminagem	13	on Data	inicio da tarefa:	19	09 20	00
Total de trabalho (homent x di	st) v // das de N	omera Data	conclusão da ta	rets: 0.9	1012	000
Objectivo: Habitas	plo (noistria	(2 Terreno	agricola ("	Outro		
Métodos e tecnologias utilizad	os? (4 Manual	Mecânio	0 0	Cites 19	Conbina	150
Baseado em: Area pe	rigosa/L000 🖟 Desr	ninagem (R	econhecimento I	Monicol Ca	mpo mina	ido
Acidente ocorreu durante a tar	eta?: C Sim	y Não				
rea desminada está mercada	or sm	C Não				
Vea por desminar *:	Sim	IF Não				
Aircação de área por desmina	C Sinalização loca	el C Sinetre	do oficial in Oes	marin (1 V	sins (N	inahum
Description de Sous por description						
Descrição de área por desmin						_
Descrição de área por desmin.	NIL					
rformação adicional.	NIL					
rforração adicional.	NIL					
informação adicional. ARRA BRODE Controlo de qualidade efectuad	NIL					
Descripto de área por desmin informação adicional: INTO A DESCRIPTO Controla de qualidade electuae Alfodo de controla de qualidad. L Localitacão	NIL		nalive()	· ·	Combina	60
Informação adicionat. INDE A DESENTINA DE CONTROL de qualidade efectuação de controlo de qualidade. Localização	N/L (ACASA (COTA) (a por t) ○ (organização & (a t) → Marcial		Mecánico			
Informação adicional IRRA SESSIPLA Controlo de qualidade efectual Altrado ao controlo de qualidade L. Localização Provincia * 1500	NIL ALLOSA (COS) to port O (organização & lat. Allos Marcual Allos (Allos Allos	Dies	Mecánico	G BANL		*
Informação adicional ATE A SENTENCIA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE CA	NIL O por O (organização & la ** × Marcual S	Cities SubDistrito ", costidade ": Toho do mapo;	Medino	BARTI.		**
Informação adicional ATE A SENTENCIA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE CA	NIL O por O (organização & la ** × Marcual S	Clies SubDistrito *: .ocalidado *:	Medino	BARTI.		**
Informação adicional ATE A SENTENCIA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE PROTECTIO DE QUAISSOS DE CASA DE CA	NIL ALLA MICO IO por O (croparago a Series America) STATEMAN STATEMAN SERIES 18 02 44 4 4 5 5	Cities SubDistrito ", costidade ": Toho do mapo;	Medino	BARTI.		50
Informação adicional INDEA DESCRIPTION Controlo de qualidade efectuale Alecada de controlo de qualidade Localização Provincia 1 2 4 9 Resortição do ponto de referênce Provincia 2 4 9 Resortição do ponto de referênce	NIL ALLOW MOUNT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	Clies SubDisarto * .coolidade * Folha do mapa: Setema coord: L	Medino	BARTI.		**
Informação adroceat 12 2 2 3 5 3	NIL AND CONTROL OF THE STATE O	Clies SubDisarto * .coolidade * Folha do mapa: Setema coord: L	Medino	BARTI.		**
Informação adroceat 12 2 2 3 5 3	NIL AND CONTROL OF THE STATE O	Clies SubDisarto * .coolidade * Folha do mapa: Setema coord: L	Medino	OMANIE E e (WGS B		
Informação adoponal Informação quistase declusar Informação quistase declusar Localitação qui	NIL Manual Book Organização & Manual Militaria Santa San	Clies SubDisario 1 Cosilidade 1 Folha do mapa: Satema coord: L	Meclinico P.A.No 1 1 0 stitudes congrisad Disp antimar	di A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A) in I) DMS	
informação adicional: The Participa Control de qualidade efectuad adecidade ou compaio de qualidade afectuad de compaio de qualidade (Provincia * 1) colorizar participa (Provincia * 2) participa (Provincia * 3) provincia (P	NIL ANNE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	Clies SubDisarto 1 Cocilidade 1 Folho do mapa: Sistema cocied L	Meclinico P.A.No strudel longitud Disp antimar Sim N	g No.) in I) DMS Armadiha Sin I if	
Informação adoponal Informação quistase declusar Informação quistase declusar Localitação qui	NIL Manual Book Organização & Manual Militaria Santa San	Clies SubDisario 1 Cosilidade 1 Folha do mapa: Satema coord: L	Mecânico A. Y Sim N Sim N	O A NO.	I) DMS Armadiha Sm 1	Não Não Não
Informação adoponal Informação quistase declusar Informação quistase declusar Localitação qui	NIL Manual Book Organização & Manual Militaria Santa San	Class SubDisavio 1 Cocalidade 1 Foha do mapa: Sistema cocord L Quant. O &	Meclarico A 7-4 Cap antimar Sim N Sim N Sim N	a (WGS 64	H DMS Armadiha Sin 18 Sin 19 Sin 19	Não Não

Original Report. Example from NPA 2014 Pack



Land Mines and Spatial Development Appendix - Data Description Map Digitization Example

Ronco Demining Activities 1994/1995. Original Map Digitized Back



Correlates of Minefield

- ► Intervention level
 - Distribution of land mines
- Admin 4 level
 - Linear Probability Model
 - Ordered Probit
 - Negative Binomial Maximum Likelihood

Correlates of Minefields (at the Admin-4 Level)

$$Threat_i = \exp(a + \beta_0 Area + \beta_1 Geo_i + \beta_2 Border_i + \beta_3 CW_i \\ + \beta_4 Dist_i + \beta_5 Transport_i + \beta_6 Cantinas_i + \beta_7 Lit_i \\ + \beta_8 PopDens_{1980,i} + \varepsilon_i)$$

where:

- Threat_{i,p}: dummy or number for land mines or UXOs;
- Area: log land area of district i;
- Geo_{i,p}: vector of geographical characteristics;
- Border_{i,p}: vector of (log) distance to each of the national borders;
- Dist_{i,p}: vector of (log) distance to the closest big cities (Maputo, Beira, Nacala) and to the coast;
- Transport_{i,p}: vector of indicator for rail, paved road, unpaved road, trail, and navigable river;
- CW_i: indicator for civil war event;
- Catinas_{i,p}: indicator for cantinas in 1965;
- Lit_{i,p}: indicator for lit in 1992;
- $PopDens_{1980,i,p}$: (log) population density in 1980.

Land Mines and Spatial Development

Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

Correlates of Minefields - Admin-4 Level

Correlates of Minefields Pack

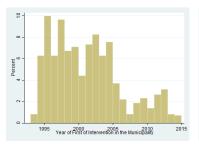
Dependent Variable			Minefie	lds and UXO	Os Threat (d	ummy)		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Log - Distance South Africa Border	0.032							0.038
	(0.053)							(0.063)
Log - Distance Zimbabwe Border	-0.086*** (0.026)							-0.096***
Log - Distance Malawi Border	-0.052**							-0.048
Log - Distance maiam Dorder	(0.026)							(0.030)
Log - Distance Tanzania Border	-0.093**							-0.119**
	(0.046)							(0.046)
.og - Distance Zambia Border	0.181***							0.176***
	(0.035)							(0.042)
.og - Distance Swaziland Border	-0.116**							-0.148*
Elevation	(0.058)	-0.093						(0.066)
Elevation		(0.109)						(0.102
Malaria Ecology		-0.001						0.016*
maiana Ecology		(0.008)						(0.008)
Suitability of Agriculture		-0.136						-0.191*
		(0.105)						(0.106)
.og - Distance Closest Big City		-0.088***						-0.030
		(0.030)						(0.035)
Log - Distance Coast		0.051						0.038
		(0.037)						(0.047)
Paved Road 1973 (dummy)			(0.019)					(0.022)
Unpaved Road 1973 (dummy)			0.099**					0.022)
onpaved Road 1973 (ddminy)			(0.044)					(0.062)
Trail 1973 (dummy)			0.054***					0.035***
rian 1913 (duniny)			(0.010)					(0.009)
Railway (dummy)			-0.010					-0.066
			(0.061)					(0.059)
Navigable River (dummy)			0.002					-0.004
			(0.006)					(0.004)
Civil War (dummy)				0.249***				0.141***
F :: 100F (1)				(0.031)	0.114***			(0.028)
Cantina 1965 (dummy)								
Lit (dummy)					(0.030)	0.122**		(0.028)
Lit (dulliny)						(0.056)		(0.055)
Log - Population Density 1980						(0.000)	0.056***	0.027*
Deliary 1300							(0.015)	(0.015)
.og - Land Area	0.102***	0.083***	0.089***	0.095***	0.085***	0.095***	0.144***	0.100**
•	(0.014)	(0.014)	(0.015)	(0.014)	(0.015)	(0.014)	(0.019)	(0.017)
Observations	1195	1190	1195	1195	1195	1195	1099	1094
Adjusted R-squared	0.095	0.068	0.094	0.097	0.072	0.063	0.067	0.157
Province FE	N	N	N	N	N	N C] ▶ N ⊲	□ N

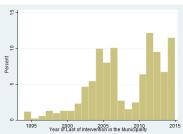
Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

Correlates of Minefields - Admin-4 Level

First Year and Last Year of Intervention at admin-4 level

▶ Back





Land Mines and Spatial Development

Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

Correlates of Minefields - Admin-4 Level

Correlates of Minefields - Probit •Back

Dependent Variable			Minefie	lds and UXC	s Threat (d	ummy)		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
.og - Distance South Africa Border	0.086							0.024
	(0.220)							(0.269)
Log - Distance Zimbabwe Border	-0.285***							-0.336**
	(0.098)							(0.108)
Log - Distance Malawi Border	-0.154*							-0.146
	(0.080)							(0.099)
.og - Distance Tanzania Border	-0.314*							-0.422*
	(0.162)							(0.182)
.og - Distance Zambia Border	0.555***							0.518**
	(0.108)							(0.143)
.og - Distance Swaziland Border	-0.371							-0.395
	(0.243)							(0.274)
Elevation		-0.312						0.341
		(0.332)						(0.419)
Malaria Ecology		-0.006						0.047
		(0.023)						(0.029)
Suitability of Agriculture		-0.413						-0.585
		(0.321)						(0.369)
.og - Distance Closest Big City		-0.271***						-0.140
		(0.096)						(0.126)
Log - Distance Coast		0.152						0.092
		(0.109)						(0.158)
Paved Road 1973 (dummy)			0.424***					0.270**
			(0.130)					(0.130)
Jnpaved Road 1973 (dummy)			0.709					0.199
			(0.525)					(0.556)
Trail 1973 (dummy)			0.227***					0.154**
			(0.053)					(0.049)
Railway (dummy)			0.149					-0.130
			(0.387)					(0.399)
Vavigable River (dummy)			0.009					-0.005
			(0.026)					(0.017)
Civil War (dummy)			,	1.049***				0.724**
				(0.180)				(0.183)
Cantina 1965 (dummy)				(0.200)	0.359***			0.175*
					(0.092)			(0.091
it (dummy)					(0.032)	0.398**		0.024
in (daminy)						(0.201)		(0.211
.og - Population Density 1980						(0.201)	0.182***	0.114*
· Dulaty 1900							(0.051)	(0.052)
Log - Land Area	0.324***	0.258***	0.292***	0.318***	0.264***	0.291***	0.456***	0.395**
-og - cano Area	(0.041)	(0.042)	(0.045)	(0.047)	(0.044)	(0.040)	(0.061)	(0.064)
	(0.041)	(0.042)	(0.043)	(0.047)	(0.044)	(0.040)	(0.001)	(0.004)
Ohs	1195	1190	1195	1195	1195	1195	1099	1094
PseudoR2	0.088	0.062	0.098	0.095	0.064	0.055	0.060	0.170
Province FE	0.000 N	0.002 N	0.096 N	0.095 N	0.004 N	N =	0.000] ▶N ⊲	- N

Land Mines and Spatial Development Appendix - Preliminary Evidence Correlates of Minefields - Admin-4 Level

Likelihood Back

Correlates of Minefields - Negative Binomial Maximum

Dependent Variable			Number of	Minefields an	nd UXOs Thr	eats (count)		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Log - Distance South Africa Border	0.107 (0.211)							0.110
Log - Distance Zimbabwe Border	-0.435***							-0.550***
Log - Distance Malawi Border	-0.194 (0.138)							-0.139 (0.136)
Log - Distance Tanzania Border	-0.232* (0.141)							-0.381** (0.156)
Log - Distance Zambia Border	0.706**							0.784***
Log - Distance Swaziland Border	-0.632*** (0.212)							-0.692*** (0.264)
Elevation	()	-1.299*** (0.430)						0.231
Malaria Ecology		-0.099***						(0.024
Suitability of Agriculture		(0.409)						-0.012 (0.355)
Log - Distance Closest Big City		-0.343** (0.145)						-0.069 (0.156)
Log - Distance Coast		0.204 (0.142)						(0.149
Paved Road 1973 (dummy)		,	(0.106)					0.235***
Unpaved Road 1973 (dummy)			0.733**					-0.173
Trail 1973 (dummy)			0.081**					0.083***
Railway (dummy)			0.265					-0.241 (0.192)
Navigable River (dummy)			(0.014					0.001
Civil War (dummy)			()	1.068*** (0.196)				0.512***
Cantina 1965 (dummy)				,	0.274*			-0.066
Lit (dummy)					(3.247)	0.630***		0.072
Log - Population Density 1980						(0.220)	0.286***	0.255***
Log - Land Area	0.375***	0.365***	0.331***	0.378***	0.314***	0.353***	0.582***	0.607***
Bendere EE	(U.UU3)	(U.UU3)	(0.059)	(0.001)	(U.U3U)	(0.031) N	(0.070) N	(0.005)

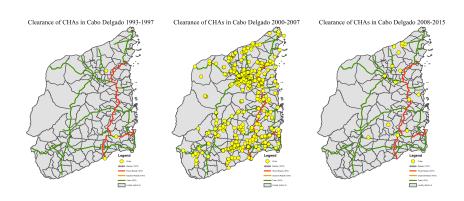
Timing of Intervention

- ▶ Interventions by province and period
- Timing of first intervention
- Timing of first intervention

Timing of Intervention

Demining Activities Cabo Delgado (Intervention Level)

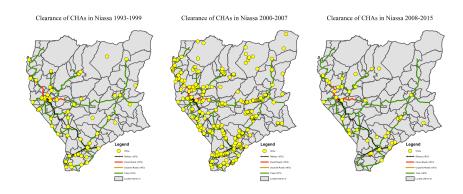
→ Back



Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

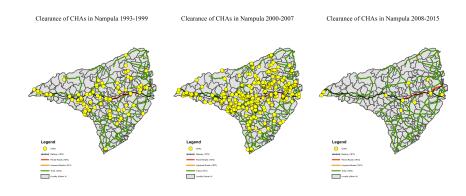
☐ Timing of Intervention

Demining Activities Niassa (Intervention Level) Pack



☐ Timing of Intervention

Demining Activities Nampula (Intervention Level) • Back

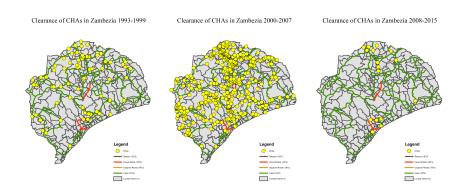


Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

☐ Timing of Intervention

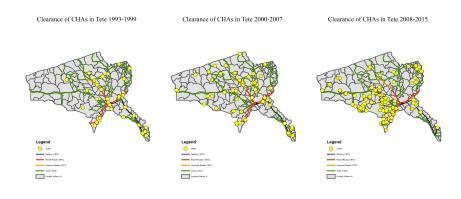
Demining Activities Zambezia (Intervention Level) Pack





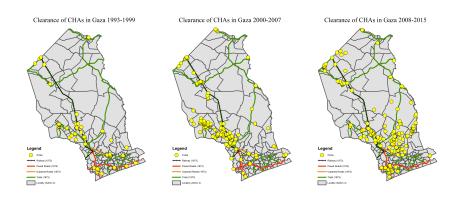
☐ Timing of Intervention

Demining Activities Tete (Intervention Level) • Back



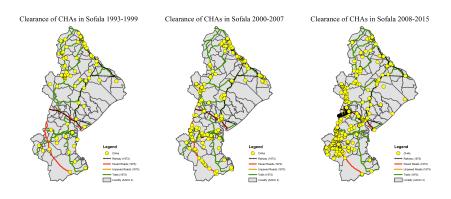
Demining Activities Gaza (Intervention Level) •Back





☐ Timing of Intervention

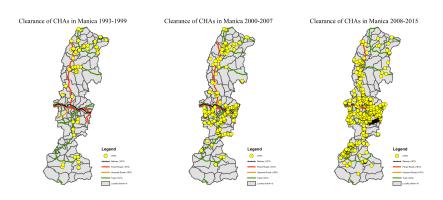
Demining Activities Sofala (Intervention Level) • Back



Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

☐ Timing of Intervention

Demining Activities Manica (Intervention Level) Pack



Demining Activities Inhambane (Intervention Level) • Back







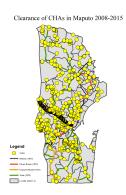


Liming of Intervention

Demining Activities Maputo (Intervention Level) Pack







Land Mines and Spatial Development

Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

☐ Timing of Intervention

First Year Province FE Pack

				r of Years unt	area area			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
og - Distance South Africa Border	0.142**							0.133*
	(0.065)							(0.070)
og - Distance Zimbabwe Border								
Log - Distance Malawi Border	(0.051) 0.205***							(0.047) 0.199***
Log - Distance malawi border	(0.044)							(0.045)
Log - Distance Tanzania Border	-0.034							-0.014
og - Distance Tanzania Border	(0.033)							(0.036)
.og - Distance Zambia Border	-0.132*							-0.018
	(0.076)							(0.083)
Log - Distance Swaziland Border	0.019							0.026
-	(0.076)							(0.083)
Elevation		-0.054						0.084
		(0.173)						(0.174)
Malaria Ecology		-0.015						-0.014
		(0.011)						(0.012)
Suitability of Agriculture		-0.236*						-0.015
		(0.138)						(0.122)
.og - Number of Villages		-0.053 (0.034)						(0.032)
Log - Distance Coast		0.015						0.032)
Log - Distance Coast		(0.051)						(0.054)
Paved Road 1973 (dummy)		(0.031)	-0.086					-0.059
,			(0.058)					(0.056)
Jnpaved Road 1973 (dummy)			-0.180					-0.205*
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			(0.123)					(0.114)
Trail 1973 (dummy)			-0.115***					-0.063
			(0.043)					(0.042)
Railway Colonial (dummy)			-0.114					-0.041
			(0.093)					(0.066)
Navigable River (dummy)			-0.020					0.004
			(0.061)					(0.051)
Civil War (dummy)				-0.267***				-0.243***
Cantina 1965 (dummy)				(0.053)	-0.098**			(0.056) -0.010
Cantina 1905 (dummy)					(0.040)			(0.038)
Lit					(0.040)	-0.065		0.043
LIE						(0.056)		(0.053)
Log - Population Density 1980						(0.000)	-0.077***	-0.034*
Log - 1 optimition Density 1300							(0.022)	(0.021)
Log - Land	-0.054***	-0.018	-0.034*	-0.039**	-0.027	-0.032*	-0.107***	-0.092***
-	(0.017)	(0.021)	(0.018)	(0.017)	(0.018)	(0.018)	(0.023)	(0.030)
Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	786	786	786	786	786	786	786	786
Log Likelihood	-2331	-2385	-2378	-2365	-2392	-2398	-2383	-2280
R2 Fitted	.175	.125	.134	.139	.112	.106	.126	.235

Land Mines and Spatial Development

Appendix - Preliminary Evidence

☐ Timing of Intervention

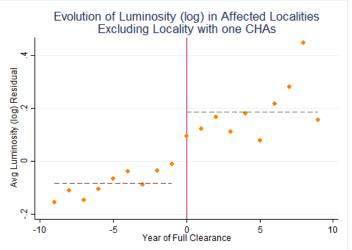
Last Year Province FE Pack

			Numbe	r of Years u	ntil Last Into	ervention		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Adjacent South Africa (dummy)	0.035							0.025
	(0.038)							(0.038
Adjacent Zimbabwe (dummy)	0.122***							0.125**
Adiacent Malawi (dummy)	(0.043)							(0.047
Adjacent Malawi (dummy)	-0.016							-0.033
A.C T (1)	(0.053)							0.120*
Adjacent Tanzania (dummy)	(0.057)							(0.059
Adiacent Zambia (dummy)	-0.067							-0.083
Adjacent Zambia (dummy)	(0.109)							(0.105
Adjacent Swaziland (dummy)	0.061**							0.064
Adjacent Swaznand (ddniny)	(0.027)							(0.037
Elevation	(0.021)	0.058						0.036
Elevation		(0.038)						(0.091
Malaria Ecology		-0.003						-0.001
maiana Ecology		(0.007)						(0.007
Suitability of Agriculture		-0.042						-0.046
Juliability of Agriculture		(0.061)						(0.062
Log - Number of Villages		0.023						0.018
Log - reamber or emages		(0.017)						(0.017
Log - Distance Coast		-0.001						0.011
		(0.023)						(0.024
Paved Road 1973 (dummy)		,	0.037					0.037
			(0.027)					(0.031
Unpaved Road 1973 (dummy)			0.015					0.010
			(0.038)					(0.037
Frail 1973 (dummy)			0.021					0.016
			(0.020)					(0.019
Railway Colonial (dummy)			-0.007					-0.001
			(0.037)					(0.035
Navigable River (dummy)			-0.029					-0.034
			(0.023)					(0.023
ivil War (dummy)				0.023				0.003
				(0.021)				(0.023
antina 1965 (dummy)					0.033			0.022
					(0.020)			(0.020
Lit						0.002		-0.017
						(0.030)		(0.033
og - Population Density 1980							0.020*	0.014
							(0.011)	(0.012
Log - Land	0.026***	0.024**	0.032***	0.030***	0.029***	0.030***	0.049***	0.034
	(0.009)	(0.011)	(0.009)	(0.009)	(0.009)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.018
Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	786	786	786	786	786	786	786	786
Log Likelihood	-2174	-2175	-2176	-2178	-2177	-2179	-2177	-2166
R2 Fitted	.329	.331	.324	.321	.322	.32	.32	.339

Land Mine and Local Development

- Evolution of Luminosity
- Alternative Outcomes
- Sensitivity Checks
- Heterogeneity on Locality Characteristics
- ► Heterogeneity on Landmines Characteristics

Evolution of Luminosity - Before and After Pack



Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Population as Outcome Pack

	Δ Log Pop	Δ Log Pop	Δ Log Pop	Δ Log Pop
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Δ Cleared Threats	0.063***		0.081***	
	(0.021)		(0.025)	
	[0.077]		[0.099]	
Cleared (dummy)		0.076		0.021
		(0.054)		(0.048)
		[0.046]		[0.013]
Network Elements	No	No	Yes	Yes
No	No	Yes	Yes	
Civil War (dummy)	No	No	Yes	Yes
No	No	Yes	Yes	
Log - Population Density 1980	No	No	Yes	Yes
No	No	Yes	Yes	
Log - Luminosity	No	No	Yes	Yes
No	No	No	No	
Lit (dummy)	No	No	No	No
No	No	Yes	Yes	
Log - Land	No	No	Yes	Yes
No	No	Yes	Yes	
Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.124	.12	.417	.41
Observations	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Roads as Outcome • Back

		(1992,	4 Years 1999, 2007, 20	015)	
	New Road	(dummy)	Old Net Improvement (dumm		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Cleared Threats	0.039***		0.080***		
	(0.010)		(0.011)		
	[0.084]		[0.159]		
Cleared (dummy)		-0.001		0.069***	
` ',		(0.018)		(0.019)	
		[-0.001]		[0.065]	
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
R-squared	.351	.346	.441	.432	
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,748	4,748	

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Roads as Controls •Back

		4 Y (1992, 1999,	ears 2007, 2015)	
	Log Lu	minosity	Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Cleared Threats	0.433*** (0.097) [0.099]		0.053*** (0.011) [0.119]		
Cleared (dummy)		0.719*** (0.180) [0.079]		0.079*** (0.020) [0.084]	
New Road (dummy)	0.003 (0.204) [0.000]	0.080 (0.204) [0.009]	0.017 (0.023) [0.017]	0.026 (0.023) [0.027]	
Old Network Improved (dummy)	0.448** (0.184) [0.052]	0.521*** (0.182) [0.060]	0.044** (0.020) [0.050]	0.054*** (0.020) [0.060]	
Number of Localities Locality FE Year x Province FE R-squared	1,187 Yes Yes .242	1,187 Yes Yes .241	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,748	4,748	

32 / 72

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Roads as Controls • Back

		4 Y (1992, 1999,	ears 2007, 2015)	
	Log Lu	minosity	Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Cleared Threats	0.433*** (0.097) [0.099]		0.053*** (0.011) [0.119]		
Cleared (dummy)		0.719*** (0.180) [0.079]		0.079*** (0.020) [0.084]	
New Road (dummy)	0.003 (0.204) [0.000]	0.080 (0.204) [0.009]	0.017 (0.023) [0.017]	0.026 (0.023) [0.027]	
Old Network Improved (dummy)	0.448** (0.184) [0.052]	0.521*** (0.182) [0.060]	0.044** (0.020) [0.050]	0.054*** (0.020) [0.060]	
Number of Localities Locality FE Year x Province FE	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	
R-squared Observations	4,748	4,748	4,748	4,748	

33 / 72

Appendix - Land Mine and Local Development

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Excluding Maputo Province Back

		Ye	arlv				ase Estimatio		
	Log Lui	minosity		it		og Luminosity Lit			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Cleared Threats	0.358*** (0.075) [0.080]		0.042*** (0.007) [0.092]		0.512*** (0.104) [0.121]		0.064*** (0.011) [0.146]		
Cleared (dummy)		0.386*** (0.114) [0.041]		0.039*** (0.011) [0.041]		0.756*** (0.187) [0.088]		0.084*** (0.021) [0.093]	
Number of Localities	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	1,109	
Locality FE	Yes								
Year x Province FE	Yes								
R-squared	.162	.159	.124	.12	.237	.233	.226	.22	
Observations	25,507	25,507	25,507	25,507	4,436	4,436	4,436	4,436	

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Excluding Big Cities

▶ Back

		Ye	arly		С		ase Estimatio , 2007, 2015				
	Log Lui	minosity	L	it	Log Lui	Log Luminosity		Lit			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
Cleared Threats	0.330*** (0.073) [0.072]		0.037*** (0.007) [0.081]		0.469*** (0.099) [0.108]		0.058*** (0.011) [0.130]				
Cleared (dummy)		0.375*** (0.109) [0.037]		0.038*** (0.011) [0.038]		0.757*** (0.182) [0.083]		0.083*** (0.020) [0.089]			
Number of Localities Locality FE	1,184 Yes										
Year x Province FE	Yes										
R-squared Observations	.169 27.232	.166 27.232	.124 27.232	.121 27.232	.241 4.736	.238 4.736	.225 4.736	.22 4,736			

Appendix - Land Mine and Local Development

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Only North Sample

▶ Back

		Yea	arly				ase Estimation, 2007, 2015		
	Log Lui	Log Luminosity Lit			Log Lui	minosity	Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Cleared Threats	0.345*** (0.077) [0.090]		0.036*** (0.008) [0.093]		0.564*** (0.109) [0.146]		0.065*** (0.013) [0.156]		
Cleared (dummy)		0.342*** (0.116) [0.046]		0.033** (0.013) [0.044]		0.666*** (0.214) [0.091]		0.071*** (0.025) [0.091]	
Number of Localities	590	590	590	590	590	590	590	590	
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
R-squared	.118	.114	.105	.101	.197	.189	.199	.191	
Observations	13,570	13,570	13,570	13,570	2,360	2,360	2,360	2,360	

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Stopping in 2013

		Ye	arlv				se Estimatio 2007, 2013)	
	Log Lui	Log Luminosity Lit			Log Lun		Li	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Cleared Threats	0.291*** (0.073) [0.062]		0.031*** (0.007) [0.067]		0.360*** (0.098) [0.080]		0.038*** (0.011) [0.088]	
Cleared (dummy)		0.306*** (0.111) [0.029]		0.029*** (0.011) [0.028]		0.349** (0.176) [0.037]		0.031* (0.018) [0.033]
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.157	.154	.105	.103	.221	.217	.176	.172
Observations	26,114	26,114	26,114	26,114	4,748	4,748	4,748	4,748

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Dynamic Pack

		Ye	arly	
	Log Lu	minosity	L	it
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Cleared Threats	0.156*** (0.037) [0.033]		0.019*** (0.004) [0.042]	
Cleared (dummy)		0.163*** (0.058) [0.016]		0.018*** (0.007) [0.018]
Log - Luminosity First Lag	0.504*** (0.019) [0.491]	0.505*** (0.019) [0.492]		
Lit (dummy) First Lag			0.387*** (0.018) [0.380]	0.389*** (0.018) [0.381]
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.362	.361	.229	.228
Observations	24,927	24,927	24,927	24,927

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Intermediate Period • Back

	Yearly	,	Demining-Phase (1992, 1999, 20	
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
First Intervention (dummy)	-0.103 (0.084) [-0.012]	-0.010 (0.009) [-0.012]	-0.351** (0.149) [-0.042]	-0.039** (0.018) [-0.045]
Cleared (dummy)	0.421*** (0.118) [0.042]	0.043*** (0.012) [0.043]	0.972*** (0.197) [0.106]	0.107*** (0.023) [0.114]
Number of Localities Locality FE	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes
Year × Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.166	.121	.239	.22
Observations	27,301	27,301	4,748	4,748

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Affected Only •Back

		Ye	arly			Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)			
	Log Lum	ninosity	Li	t	Log Lui	Log Luminosity Lit		it	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Cleared Threats	0.337*** (0.089) [0.074]		0.038*** (0.009) [0.084]		0.511*** (0.116) [0.120]		0.062*** (0.013) [0.143]		
Cleared (dummy)		0.246* (0.133) [0.026]		0.024* (0.013) [0.025]		0.747*** (0.229) [0.086]		0.067** (0.026) [0.075]	
Number of Localities	855	855	855	855	855	855	855	855	
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
R-squared	.178	.175	.133	.13	.264	.259	.248	.241	
Observations	19,665	19,665	19,665	19,665	3,420	3,420	3,420	3,420	

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Hazard Level

→ Back

		Ye	arly				ears 2007, 2015)
	Log Lu	minosity	ninosity Lit		Log Luminosity		Lit	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Cleared Threats	0.335*** (0.078) [0.069]		0.037*** (0.008) [0.078]		0.488*** (0.105) [0.108]		0.060*** (0.011) [0.130]	
Cleared (dummy)		0.367*** (0.109) [0.036]		0.037*** (0.011) [0.037]		0.722*** (0.180) [0.079]		0.080*** (0.020) [0.086]
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187
Locality FE	Yes							
Year x Province FE	Yes							
R-squared	.168	.166	.124	.121	.241	.238	.224	.219
Observations	27,301	27,301	27.301	27,301	4,748	4.748	4,748	4,748

Appendix - Land Mine and Local Development

Appendix - Land Mine and Local Development

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. Admin 3 Level Back

	Yearly	,	4 Year (1992, 1999, 20	-
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Cleared Threats	0.398***	0.041***	0.532***	0.057***
	(0.108)	(0.012)	(0.147)	(0.017)
	[0.101]	[0.104]	[0.144]	[0.151]
Number of Postos	417	417	417	417
Posto FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.24	.167	.381	.339
Observations	9,591	9,591	1,668	1,668

Land Mine Removal and Local Development. CHAs versus SHAs • Back

	Yearly	,	Demining-Phase (1992, 1999, 20	
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Cleared Threats	0.336***	0.036***	0.506***	0.057***
	(0.076)	(0.007)	(0.109)	(0.012)
	[0.072]	[0.077]	[0.116]	[0.128]
Cancelled Threats	-0.045	0.008	-0.163	0.002
	(0.112)	(0.011)	(0.147)	(0.016)
	[-0.007]	[0.012]	[-0.024]	[0.003]
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.168	.124	.241	.224
Observations	27,301	27,301	4,748	4,748

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Heterogeneity on Locality Characteristics • Back

	Tr	ansportation Netwo	ork		Popula	ation Densi	ty 1980		Su	irvey
	Connected Lit (1)	Non Connected Lit (2)	Connected Lit (3)	1st Q Lit (4)	2nd Q Lit (5)	3rd Q Lit (6)	4th Q Lit (7)	5th Q Lit (8)	Survey Lit (9)	No Survey Lit (10)
Cleared (dummy)	0.036*** (0.013) [0.035]	0.005 (0.016) [0.006]		0.020 (0.013) [0.030]	0.042* (0.023) [0.053]	0.039 (0.025) [0.040]	0.046** (0.022) [0.044]	0.064* (0.032) [0.050]	0.041*** (0.014) [0.043]	0.032* (0.017) [0.030]
Cleared (dummy) ×	. ,									. ,
Paved 1973 (dummy)			0.062** (0.028) [0.030]							
Cleared (dummy) ×			. ,							
Unpaved 1973 (dummy)			0.049 (0.069) [0.008]							
Cleared (dummy) ×			. ,							
Trail 1973(dummy)			-0.000 (0.014) [-0.000]							
Cleared (dummy) ×			. ,							
Rail (dummy)			0.062** (0.031) [0.028]							
Number of Localities	888	299	888	216	215	216	215	215	659	528
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared Observations	.14 20,424	.0623 6,877	.142 20,424	.0715 4,968	.131 4,945	.13 4,968	.153 4,945	.197 4,945	.135 15,157	.104 12,144

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Heterogeneity. GIS Alternative Thresholds Pack

	Yearl	у	Demining-Phase (1992, 1999, 20	
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Cleared Threats:				
- Road and Railway (200m)	0.313**	0.033**	0.398**	0.049**
	(0.136)	(0.015)	(0.187)	(0.022)
	[0.041]	[0.044]	[0.055]	[0.066]
- Border (20000m)	-0.651***	-0.057***	-0.656***	.0.052**
,	(0.173)	(0.018)	(0.216)	(0.025)
	[-0.057]	[-0.050]	[-0.061]	[-0.047]
- Cantinas (2000m)	0.322*	0.043**	0.586***	0.069***
- Cantinas (2000iii)	(0.175)	(0.017)	(0.200)	(0.022)
	[0.035]	[0.047]	[0.067]	[0.076]
	0.589***	0.030	0.749**	
- Civil War (2000m)		(0.030		(0.029)
	(0.222) [0.051]	[0.021]	(0.296) [0.068]	[0.029]
	[0.051]	[0.020]	[U.UO8]	[0.036]
- River (200m)	0.262	0.026	0.030	0.011
	(0.537)	(0.058)	(0.614)	(0.068)
	[0.008]	[800.0]	[0.001]	[0.004]
- Village (2000m)	0.427***	0.038***	0.534***	0.048***
	(0.114)	(0.012)	(0.144)	(0.016)
	[0.065]	[0.058]	[0.085]	[0.075]
- Electricity Grid (200m)	0.420	0.036	0.332	0.020
, , , , , , ,	(0.286)	(0.029)	(0.286)	(0.032)
	[0.021]	[0.018]	[0.018]	[0.011]
. Residual	.0 255***	-0.014	.0.316***	-0.014
	(0.084)	(0.009)	(0.108)	(0.012)
	[-0.038]	[-0.021]	[-0.051]	[-0.022]
Number of Localities	1.187	1.187	1.187	1.187
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year × Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.189	.136	.271	.242
Observations	27.301	27.301	4.748	4.748

Appendix - Land Mine and Local Development

Fixed Effect Estimates of Demining - Heterogeneity Reports Based Classification Pack

	Yearly		Demining-Phase (1992, 1999, 20	
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
Jeared Threats:				
Road, Railway, Bridges	-0.036	0.010	-0.160	0.001
	(0.162)	(0.017)	(0.234)	(0.026)
	[-0.003]	[0.009]	[-0.014]	[0.001]
Military	0.459**	0.048**	0.375	0.036
	(0.219)	(0.023)	(0.243)	(0.028)
	[0.035]	[0.038]	[0.030]	[0.029]
Protection Ring & Residential	0.107	0.008	0.329**	0.031*
r recentation roung as remomentar	(0.125)	(0.014)	(0.141)	(0.016)
	[0.012]	[0.009]	[0.039]	[0.036]
Forest & Bush	-0.046	0.011	-0.020	0.013
Forest & Bush				
	(0.214)	(0.022) to one1	(0.313)	(0.037)
	[-0.002]	[0.005]	[-0.001]	[0.007]
Footpath	-0.270*	-0.007	-0.432**	-0.027
	(0.158)	(0.017)	(0.208)	(0.023)
	[-0.023]	[-0.006]	[-0.040]	[-0.024]
Farm	0.155	0.015	0.253	0.035
	(0.180)	(0.018)	(0.218)	(0.025)
	[0.012]	[0.012]	[0.021]	[0.028]
Water Supply	-0.508	-0.054	-0.745	-0.089
	(0.426)	(0.043)	(0.480)	(0.054)
	[-0.020]	[-0.021]	[-0.030]	[-0.035]
Electricity Pylons	0.291	0.012	0.108	-0.002
	(0.207)	(0.019)	(0.199)	(0.022)
	[0.012]	[0.005]	[0.006]	[-0.001]
Public Infrastructure	0.436*	0.033	0.710**	0.079**
	(0.261)	(0.026)	(0.309)	(0.032)
	[0.031]	[0.024]	[0.053]	[0.057]
River	0.184	0.015	0.544*	0.047
	(0.276)	(0.027)	(0.319)	(0.034)
	[0.009]	[0.007]	[0.027]	[0.023]
Border	-1.175*	-0.120	-0.452	-0.037
	(0.709)	(0.077)	(0.884)	(0.114)
	[-0.020]	[-0.021]	[-0.009]	[-0.007]
Net Classified	0.256**	0.025**	0.351**	0.039**
	(0.109)	(0.010)	(0.154)	(0.016)
	[0.040]	[0.039]	[0.058]	[0.064]
lumber of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187
ocality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
fear x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.173	.127	.248	.23
Observations	27.301	27.301	4.748	4.748

ロト 4周ト 4 重ト 4 重ト 重性 めのべ

Own Categories vs Report Based Categories •Back

						N.	fatching Report-Bas	nd and GIS-Ba	sed Categories					
	Military	Protective Ring	Forest & Bush	Footpath	Farm	Water Supply	Electricity Pylons	Residencial	Public Infrastructure	River	Border	Road, Railway, Bridge	Not Classified	Total GIS
GIS Road (100m)	76	33	34	85	78	14	8	32	73	18	4	212	411	1078
GIS Railway (100m)	1	0	3	2	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	15	5	32
GIS Border (10000m)	5	2	6	5	8	0	2	3	5	2	20	5	46	109
GIS Cantinas (1000m)	12	4	3	10	11	3	1	4	12	3	0	13	38	114
GIS Civil War (1000m)	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	11	23
GIS River (100m)	0	5	2	2	3	0	0	1	1	2	0	6	17	39
GIS Village (1000m)	25	12	9	48	23	7	5	22	34	11	1	52	173	422
GIS Electricity Grid (100m)	8	2	7	1	6	1	240	5	12	8	0	9	46	345
GIS Rural	307	99	188	477	474	40	646	195	237	101	8	480	1748	5000
Total Report-Based	437	157	254	630	606	65	903	263	379	146	33	794	2495	7162

Gravity Equation Pack

$$\ln X_{o,d} = A_o(X,\tau) + B_d(X,\tau) - \theta \tau_{o,d}.$$

- $X_{o,d}$: total bilateral trade from origin to destination district.
- θ : "trade elasticity". Region's productivity for a given good (variety) is drawn from Frechét distribution with parameter θ
- $A_o(X, \tau)$: origin's productivity and factor costs
- $B_d(X, \tau)$: destination's productivity and factor costs

Consumer Market Access Pack

With expenditure shares as Eaton and Kortum (2002) and total expenditure equals to income $(X_d = Y_d)$:

$$X_o d = k_1 A_o(q_0^{\alpha} w_o^{\gamma})) - \theta \tau_{o,d}^{-\theta} Y_d CMA_d^{-1}.$$

- $X_{o,d}$: total bilateral trade from origin to destination district.
- θ : "trade elasticity". Region's productivity for a given good (variety) is drawn from Frechét distribution with parameter θ
- $A_o(q_0^{\alpha} w_o^{\gamma})$: origin's productivity and factor costs
- $\tau_{o,d}$: destination's cost
- Y_d: destination's income
- CMA_d: destination's consumer market access

Firm Market Access Pack

Sum over all destinations to get total output of o:

$$Y_o = \sum_o X_o d = k_1 A_o(q_0^{lpha} w_o^{\gamma})) - \theta \sum_o \underbrace{rac{ au_{o,d}^{- heta} Y_d}{CMA_d}}_{\equiv FMA_o}$$

- FMAo: origin's firm market access

Market Access | Pack

Under i) costant return to scale, ii) perfect labour mobility, iii) relationship between consumer-market access and price index, iv) and trade cost simmetry, we can derive an expression in log for real income:

$$egin{aligned} log[Y_o^r] &= \underbrace{k_8}_{ ext{collecting constants}} \ &+ \frac{1}{1 + lpha heta} \underbrace{log[A_o]}_{ ext{productivity}} + \underbrace{\frac{lpha heta}{1 + lpha heta}}_{ ext{log}[L_o]} \underbrace{log[M_o]}_{ ext{land}} \ &+ \underbrace{\frac{1 + heta(1 + \gamma + lpha}{ heta(1 + lpha heta)}}_{ ext{Market Access}} \underbrace{log[MA_o]}_{ ext{Market Access}} \end{aligned}$$

Aggregate Development

- Network element parametrization
- Sensitivity checks
 - Alternative θ value
 - Inflating lumonsity of Maputo, Beira, Nacala
 - Alternative Network Parametrization
 - Relaxing the assumption of impassable landmines

Parametrization of Trasportation Costs Back

- We classified network elements based on their efficiency (Jedwab and Storeygard (2015) and Donaldson (2017))
 - **Railways**. Cost per km = 1
 - Paved Road. Cost per km = 2
 - **Unpaved Road**. Cost per km = 4
 - **Trail**. Cost per km = 10
 - Walking. Cost per km = 20
- **Cost Calculation**= [lenght in kilometers x Cost parameter]

Appendix - Aggregate Development

Results - Alternative θ Values (Simonovska and Waugh (2014))

		Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)									
				Panel A:	$\theta = 2.7$						
		Contemp	oraneous			Initial C	onditions				
	Log Luminosity	Log Luminosity Lit Log Luminosity Lit			Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
Log Market Access, Light	0.370***	0.040***			0.385**	0.039**					
	(0.104) [0.236]	(0.011) [0.246]			(0.173) [0.206]	(0.018) [0.204]					
Log Market Access, Population			0.241** (0.107) [0.104]	0.024** (0.012) [0.102]			0.963*** (0.247) [0.353]	0.089*** (0.026) [0.317]			
Cleared Threats	0.408***	0.051***	0.388***	0.050***	0.425***	0.053***	0.334***	0.045***			
	(0.093) [0.093]	(0.010) [0.114]	(0.106) [0.089]	(0.011) [0.112]	(0.092) [0.097]	(0.010) [0.119]	(0.105) [0.077]	(0.011) [0.102]			
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077			
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
R-squared	.25	.232	.253	.234	.243	.226	.259	.237			
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,308	4,308	4,748	4,748	4,308	4,308			

Results - Alternative θ Values (Simonovska and Waugh (2014))

				Panel B:	$\theta = 5.23$				
		Contemp	oraneous		Initial Conditions				
	Log Luminosity	Lit							
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Log Market Access, Light	0.201*** (0.044) [0.234]	0.022*** (0.005) [0.247]			0.204** (0.083) [0.206]	0.018** (0.009) [0.183]			
Log Market Access, Population			0.152*** (0.046) [0.124]	0.013*** (0.005) [0.107]			0.490*** (0.132) [0.361]	0.038*** (0.014) [0.271]	
Cleared Threats	0.385*** (0.094) [0.088]	0.049*** (0.010) [0.109]	0.368*** (0.108) [0.084]	0.049*** (0.012) [0.109]	0.420*** (0.093) [0.096]	0.053*** (0.010) [0.119]	0.338*** (0.107) [0.077]	0.047*** (0.012) [0.106]	
Number of Localities	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,077 Yes	1,077 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,187 Yes	1,077 Yes	1,077 Yes	
Locality FE Year x Province FE	Yes Yes								
R-squared	.254	.236	.255	.234	.243	.226	.259	.236	
Observations	4.748	4.748	4,308	4,308	4.748	4.748	4,308	4,308	

Appendix - Aggregate Development

Results - Alternative θ Values (Simonovska and Waugh (2014))

				Panel C:	$\theta = 8.22$			
		Contemp	oraneous			Initial C	onditions	
	Log Luminosity	Lit						
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Log Market Access, Light	0.129*** (0.027) [0.218]	0.014*** (0.003) [0.230]				0.024** (0.012) [0.184]		
Log Market Access, Population			0.095*** (0.028) [0.120]	0.052*** (0.018) [0.284]	0.052*** (0.018) [0.284]		0.643*** (0.173) [0.359]	0.052*** (0.018) [0.284]
Cleared Threats	0.375*** (0.094) [0.086]	0.047*** (0.010) [0.106]	0.374*** (0.107) [0.086]	0.047*** (0.012) [0.104]	0.047*** (0.012) [0.104]	0.053*** (0.010) [0.119]	0.334*** (0.106) [0.077]	0.047*** (0.012) [0.104]
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,187	1,077	1,077
Locality FE	Yes							
Year x Province FE	Yes							
R-squared	.253	.235	.255	.236	.236	.226	.259	.236
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,308	4,308	4,308	4,748	4,308	4,308

Results - Average τ \longrightarrow Back

		•	ase Estimation 2007, 2015)			
	Contempor	aneous	Initial Conditions			
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Log Average $ au$	-3.507***	-0.333***	-3.652***	-0.368***		
	(0.518)	(0.059)	(0.542)	(0.054)		
	[-0.397]	[-0.368]	[-0.333]	[-0.328]		
Cleared Threats	0.437***	0.055***	0.405***	0.051***		
	(0.095)	(0.010)	(0.093)	(0.010)		
	[0.100]	[0.122]	[0.093]	[0.114]		
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187		
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
R-squared	.251	.231	.257	.236		
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,748	4,748		

Results - Market Potential Pack

		_	ase Estimation 2007, 2015)	
	Contempora	neous	Initial Cond	litions
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Log Market Potential	1.432***	0.162***	3.986***	0.402***
	(0.401)	(0.044)	(0.504)	(0.052)
	[0.306]	[0.337]	[0.570]	[0.561]
Cleared Threats	0.420***	0.052***	0.355***	0.046***
	(0.093)	(0.010)	(0.093)	(0.010)
	[0.096]	[0.117]	[0.081]	[0.103]
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,187	1,187
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.244	.228	.26	.239
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,748	4,748

Results - Inflating Luminosity of Maputo, Beira and Nacal

→ Back

	Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)								
		Contemp	oraneous		Initial Conditions				
	Log Luminosity		L	Lit		minosity	Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Log Market Access, Light	0.263*** (0.061) [0.235]	0.028*** (0.006) [0.245]			0.272** (0.108) [0.213]	0.026** (0.011) [0.197]			
Log Market Access, Population	[0.233]	[0.243]	0.170** (0.068) [0.104]	0.016** (0.007) [0.093]	[0.213]	[0.197]	0.617*** (0.176) [0.336]	0.052*** (0.018) [0.273]	
Cleared Threats	0.398*** (0.094) [0.091]	0.050*** (0.010) [0.112]	0.381*** (0.107) [0.087]	0.050*** (0.012) [0.111]	0.421*** (0.093) [0.096]	0.053*** (0.010) [0.119]	0.340*** (0.105) [0.078]	0.047*** (0.011) [0.105]	
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Year x Province FE	Yes .253	Yes .235	Yes .253	Yes	Yes	Yes .226	Yes	Yes .236	
R-squared Observations	.253 4,748	.235 4,748	.253 4,308	.234 4,308	.244 4,748	4,748	.258 4,308	4,308	

Results - Alternative Network Parametrization (Jedwab and Storeygard (2018)) • Back

		Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)									
		Contemp	oraneous			Initial Conditions					
	Log Luminosity Lit		Log Luminosity Lit		Log Luminosity	Lit Log Luminosity		Lit			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
Log Market Access, Light	0.235*** (0.058) [0.213]	0.025*** (0.006) [0.226]			0.259** (0.103) [0.199]	0.024** (0.011) [0.177]					
Log Market Access, Population			0.120* (0.061) [0.075]	0.011 (0.007) [0.066]			0.615*** (0.166) [0.332]	0.048** (0.018) [0.252]			
Cleared Threats	0.395*** (0.093) [0.090]	0.050*** (0.010) [0.111]	0.393*** (0.107) [0.090]	0.051*** (0.012) [0.114]	0.422*** (0.092) [0.097]	0.053*** (0.010) [0.119]	0.337*** (0.105) [0.077]	0.047** (0.011) [0.105]			
Number of Localities Locality FE Year x Province FE	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes			
R-squared Observations	.251 4,748	.234 4,748	.253 4,308	.233	.243 4,748	.226	.259 4,308	.236 4,308			

Appendix - Aggregate Development

Results - Dropping Railways Pack

	Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)									
		Contemp	oraneous		Initial					
	Log Luminosity		Lit		Log Luminosity		L	it		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
Log Market Access, Light	0.277*** (0.063) [0.245]	0.030*** (0.007) [0.257]			0.295*** (0.110) [0.228]	0.029** (0.012) [0.216]				
Log Market Access, Population			0.190*** (0.067) [0.115]	0.017** (0.007) [0.103]			0.691*** (0.178) [0.374]	0.057*** (0.019) [0.302]		
Cleared Threats	0.391*** (0.094) [0.090]	0.049*** (0.010) [0.110]	0.374*** (0.108) [0.086]	0.049*** (0.012) [0.110]	0.420*** (0.093) [0.096]	0.053*** (0.010) [0.118]	0.331*** (0.107) [0.076]	0.046*** (0.012) [0.103]		
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077		
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
R-squared	.254	.236	.254	.234	.244	.226	.259	.237		
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,308	4,308	4,748	4,748	4,308	4,308		

Results - Land mines as passable obstacles •Back

	Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)									
		Contemp	oraneous		Initial					
	Log Luminosity		Lit		Log Lui	minosity	L	it		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
Log Market Access, Light	0.276*** (0.073) [0.224]	0.030*** (0.007) [0.236]			0.681*** (0.180) [0.501]	0.073*** (0.021) [0.526]				
Log Market Access, Population			0.069 (0.073) [0.041]	0.008 (0.008) [0.049]			0.761** (0.324) [0.412]	0.085*** (0.031) [0.447]		
Cleared Threats	0.430*** (0.095) [0.098]	0.053*** (0.010) [0.119]	0.421*** (0.109) [0.097]	0.053*** (0.012) [0.119]	0.408*** (0.098) [0.093]	0.051*** (0.011) [0.114]	0.384*** (0.111) [0.088]	0.049*** (0.012) [0.110]		
Number of Localities	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077	1,187	1,187	1,077	1,077		
Locality FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Year x Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
R-squared	.25	.232	.252	.233	.245	.228	.253	.234		
Observations	4,748	4,748	4,308	4,308	4,748	4,748	4,308	4,308		

Results - Excluding Adjancent Neighbors Pack

	Demining-Phase Estimation (1992, 1999, 2007, 2015)									
		Contemp	oraneous	Initial						
	Log Luminosity Lit		Log Luminosity	Log Luminosity Lit		Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)		
Log Market Access, Light	0.136** (0.054) [0.115]	0.012* (0.006) [0.097]			0.272** (0.109) [0.191]	0.024** (0.012) [0.167]				
Log Market Access, Population			0.208*** (0.072) [0.131]	0.021*** (0.008) [0.132]	1		0.571*** (0.129) [0.304]	0.052*** (0.014) [0.273]		
Cleared Threats	0.436*** (0.093) [0.100]	0.055*** (0.010) [0.122]	0.379*** (0.105) [0.087]	0.049*** (0.011) [0.109]	0.429*** (0.092) [0.098]	0.054*** (0.010) [0.121]	0.345*** (0.104) [0.079]	0.046*** (0.011) [0.104]		
Number of Localities Locality FE Year x Province FE	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,187 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes	1,077 Yes Yes		
R-squared Observations	.243 4,748	.225 4,748	.254 4,308	.235 4,308	.244 4,748	.226 4,748	.26 4,308	.238		

Results - Long-Run Difference Pack

	Pai	nel A: Mar	ket Access.	Long-Run I	Differences	, 2015-199	2. Uncontro	olled.	
		Contem	poraneous		Initial Conditions				
	Log Luminosity				Lit				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Δ Log - Market Access, Light	0.291**	0.031**			0.415**	0.045**			
	(0.121)	(0.013)			(0.179)	(0.018)			
	[0.132]	[0.128]			[0.116]	[0.114]			
Δ Log - Market Access, Population			0.379***	0.036***			0.972***	0.091***	
			(0.130)	(0.013)			(0.257)	(0.026)	
			[0.103]	[0.090]			[0.179]	[0.152]	
Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Initial Controls	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Initial Market Access	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
R-squared	.0532	.0423	.0491	.0368	.0485	.0384	.0627	.0461	
Observations	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	

Appendix - Aggregate Development

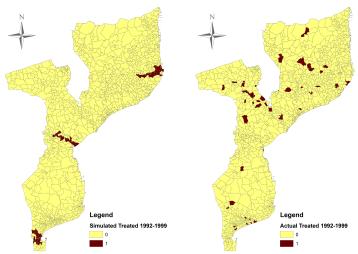
Results - Long-Run Difference Pack

		oraneous	Initial Conditions					
	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity	Lit	Log Luminosity (7)	Lit (8)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
Δ Log - Market Access, Light	0.462***	0.057***			0.148	0.026*		
	(0.107)	(0.012)			(0.121)	(0.014)		
	[0.210]	[0.236]			[0.041]	[0.065]		
Δ Log - Market Access, Population			0.585***	0.060***			0.689***	0.081***
			(0.119)	(0.013)			(0.164)	(0.019)
			[0.159]	[0.149]			[0.127]	[0.135]
Province FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Initial Controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Initial Market Access	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
R-squared	.432	.354	.431	.347	.413	.333	.421	.34
Observations	1.077	1.077	1.077	1.077	1.077	1.077	1.077	1,077

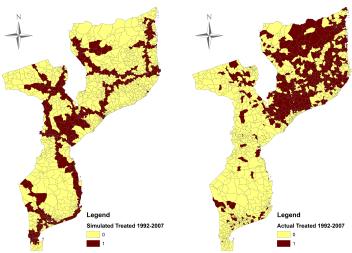
Policy Experiment

- ▶ Maps of simulated treated versus actual treated 1992-1999
- Maps of simulated treated versus actual treated 1992-2007

Simulated vs Actual Treated 1992-1999 Deck



Simulated vs Actual Treated 1992-2007 Deck



Validating Luminosity as development proxy

- Luminosity Income/Education Mapping (DHS)
 - Regression estimates results
 - Graph Luminosity Income at Admin 3
 - Graph Luminosity Education at Admin 3

Luminosity Income/Education Mapping (DHS)

Mozambique Administrative Level 4 Evidence

The numbers are the coefficient estimates of different regressions on the effect of being lit on years of schooling and wealth.

Education: Mean (median) years of schooling 4.67 (5); 21391 obs

- 1.8 (unconditional); 1.5 with province fixed-effects (391 obs)
- 1.1 in rural and 2.9 in urban (unconditional)

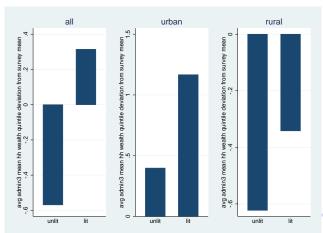
Wealth: Mean (median) composite wealth index (range 1-5). 3.21 (3)

- 1.5 (unconditional); 0.91 with province fixed-effects (391 obs)
- 0.32 in rural and 2 in urban (unconditional)

Luminosity Income Mapping (DHS) Back DID Back MA

Africa Administrative Level 3 Evidence

(21 Countries - 74 Surveys)



Luminosity Education Mapping (DHS) • Back DID • Back MA

Africa Administrative Level 3 Evidence

(21 Countries - 74 Surveys)

